

Name: _____ Score: _____

The Epistle of Paul the Apostle to the Hebrews II

Practice Test

1. Hebrews 8:1 offers a _____ of the things previously spoken.
 - a. rebuttal
 - b. summary
 - c. repetition
 - d. explanation
2. Which of the following is not currently true of the Saviour?
 - a. He is set down.
 - b. He is on the right hand of the Father.
 - c. He is in the third heaven.
 - d. None of the above
3. Christ is called a minister of the true _____.
 - a. Church
 - b. religion
 - c. tabernacle
 - d. None of the above
4. The mediatorship of Christ includes _____.
 - a. a more excellent ministry
 - b. better promises
 - c. a better covenant
 - d. All of the above
5. The new covenant _____.
 - a. was implemented at Christ's first coming
 - b. will be implemented at the establishment of the kingdom
 - c. was implemented in the Old Testament
 - d. will be implemented at the Rapture of the Church
6. The _____ was promised in Jeremiah 31.
 - a. old covenant
 - b. new covenant
 - c. New Testament
 - d. Rapture
7. Historically, the new covenant was promised to the _____.
 - a. Church
 - b. Gentiles
 - c. Jewish people
 - d. All of the above



8. The _____ offered divine fellowship, divine knowledge, divine reconciliation, and divine replacement.
- a. Old Testament
 - b. New Testament
 - c. new covenant
 - d. old covenant
9. A _____ requires death for implementation.
- a. covenant
 - b. testament
10. The Old Testament tabernacle was divided into the holiest of all and the _____.
- a. sanctuary
 - b. court
 - c. holy of holies
 - d. tent
11. The ark of the covenant contained _____.
- a. the original tables from Moses
 - b. cherubims
 - c. shewbread
 - d. Aaron's rod
12. Which of the following is a plausible explanation of the phrase "of which we cannot now speak particularly" in Hebrews 9:5?
- a. The writer had divine revelation, but was unable to divulge the information.
 - b. The writer had been limited in revelation as it pertained to the cherubims.
 - c. The writer did not need to get distracted in describing the cherubims of glory.
 - d. All of the above
13. The tabernacle demonstrated that _____.
- a. man was barred from God
 - b. man was strong and hope-filled
 - c. God was accessible to all
 - d. peace could be had within
14. Which of the following is not true concerning the Old Testament sacrifices?
- a. They purified the flesh.
 - b. They made nothing perfect.
 - c. They purged the conscience.
 - d. They can never take away sins.
15. The Jews seemingly missed that Christ would hold the office of _____.
- a. prophet
 - b. priest
 - c. king
 - d. None of the above
16. Concerning Christ's sacrifice, He took multiple trips into the holy place.
- a. True
 - b. False



17. The holy place entered by Christ was _____.
- a. heaven
 - b. made with hands
 - c. at the back of the tabernacle
 - d. in the temple
18. Which statement is not true concerning the blood of Christ?
- a. It was the blood of God.
 - b. It gives boldness to enter the holiest.
 - c. It made nigh those afar off.
 - d. None of the above
19. The sanctification of _____ offered temporal fellowship.
- a. Moses
 - b. Christ
20. The New Testament is an agreement made by God with the saints.
- a. True
 - b. False
21. According to 1 Timothy 2:5, Christ serves as the _____ between God and men.
- a. ambassador
 - b. mediator
 - c. apostle
 - d. priest
22. Most accurately, the New Testament began _____.
- a. at the death of Christ
 - b. at the beginning of the Church
 - c. at the resurrection of Christ
 - d. with the birth of John and Jesus
23. All men die once!
- a. True
 - b. False
24. What most likely happened to the sin borne by Christ?
- a. Christ took it to heaven.
 - b. Christ dropped it off in hell.
 - c. Christ left it at the cross.
 - d. Christ left it in the tomb.
25. The law was identified as the _____ of things to come.
- a. shadow
 - b. image
26. Which of the following is not some of the dogmatic terminology used in scripture to describe the shortcoming of Old Testament sacrifices?



- a. could not
b. can never
- c. might not
d. it is not possible
27. According to the notes, the law provided _____ way(s) for man to approach God through his own works.
- a. one
b. three
- c. four
d. two
28. The words “a body” in Hebrews 10:5 replaced the words “_____” as found in Psalm 40:6.
- a. our bodies
b. mine ears
- c. my tabernacle
d. offering
29. Something about the incarnation physically changed Christ’s nature going forward.
- a. True
b. False
30. According to Hebrews 10:10, we are sanctified through the offering of the _____ of Christ.
- a. blood
b. spirit
- c. soul
d. body
31. Once Christ completed His sacrifice, He sat down for ever.
- a. True
b. False
32. The veil of _____ is called a new and living way.
- a. the temple
b. Christ’s flesh
- c. the tabernacle
d. the third heaven
33. According to Hebrews 10:22, our bodies are washed with _____.
- a. the blood of Christ
b. the Spirit of God
- c. grace
d. water
34. _____ encouraged the believers to not forsake the assembling of themselves together.
- a. Hebrews 9:11
b. Hebrews 10:13
- c. Hebrews 10:25
d. None of the above



35. Which of the following is a problematic interpretation of Hebrews 10:26-31?
- It speaks of tribulation saints who lose their salvation.
 - It speaks of saved people who do not lose their salvation.
 - It speaks of saved people who lose their salvation.
 - All of the above
36. Knowledge of the truth equals salvation.
- True
 - False
37. The punishment for rejecting _____ is sorer than that of rejecting _____.
- grace, the law
 - the law, grace
38. In Hebrews 10:32-34, Paul's audience had been _____.
- illuminated
 - compassionate toward Paul
 - afflicted
 - All of the above
39. In Hebrews 10:35, Paul warned his audience not to cast away their _____.
- boldness
 - confidence
 - salvation
 - peace
40. The apostle Paul _____.
- identified that he and other believers were not among those who draw back
 - was worried he might draw back
 - was concerned saved Jews might draw back
 - was concerned Peter had drawn back
41. Faith is accurately defined as belief without evidence.
- True
 - False
42. The word *faith* is found _____ times in the Old Testament.
- 247
 - seven
 - two
 - 231
43. _____ was not an aspect of faith mentioned in class.
- Knowledge
 - Hope
 - Assent
 - Trust



44. According to the notes, faith functions through _____.
- a. peace
 - b. grace
 - c. works
 - d. hope
45. Which of the following is not something recorded as being accomplished by faith in Hebrews 11?
- a. The walls of Jericho fell down
 - b. An ark was prepared
 - c. A baby was hid
 - d. A Saviour died
46. According to Hebrews 11:3, faith provides _____.
- a. peace
 - b. understanding
 - c. joy
 - d. salvation
47. Faith was a weightier matter of the law.
- a. True
 - b. False
48. _____ offered a more excellent sacrifice than _____.
- a. Cain, Abel
 - b. Saul, David
 - c. Aaron, Moses
 - d. None of the above
49. The reward of Enoch's faith was _____.
- a. he was crowned king
 - b. he was translated
 - c. he received a son
 - d. he won the battle
50. According to Hebrews 11:5, Enoch had a testimony that he _____ God.
- a. helped
 - b. stood for
 - c. pleased
 - d. loved
51. Which of the following is not true of Noah's faith?
- a. It made him the heir of righteousness.
 - b. It produced fear.
 - c. It condemned the world.
 - d. None of the above
52. Abraham's forefathers were _____.
- a. some of the earliest believers
 - b. bold defenders of the faith
 - c. idolatrous
 - d. Jews
53. The seed promised to Abraham and Sara were compared to _____ in number.



- a. clouds
b. blades of grass
- c. shells by the sea
d. stars
54. The phrase, “these all died in faith” insinuates a loss of salvation was possible in the Old Testament.
- a. True
b. False
55. In a most basic sense, a temptation is _____.
- a. an allurement to sin
b. wicked
c. sent from Satan
d. a time of testing
56. Isaac was well aware of the faith he exercised when he blessed Jacob and Esau.
- a. True
b. False
57. _____ was specifically said to have exercised faith when he was dying.
- a. Jacob
b. Moses
c. Esau
d. All of the above
58. When he died, _____ made mention of the departing of Israel.
- a. Jesus
b. Aaron
c. Joseph
d. Abraham
59. The hiding of Moses was a tremendous exercise of his faith.
- a. True
b. False
60. Moses esteemed the reproaches of _____ greater than the riches of Egypt.
- a. Canaan
b. Christ
c. Israel
d. God
61. _____ was a harlot who was said to have exercised faith.
- a. Ruth
b. Esther
c. Rahab
d. Jezebel
62. Which of the following is not one of the names mentioned in Hebrews 11:32?
- a. Joshua
b. Jephthae
c. Samson
d. Barak



63. The great cloud of witnesses were called witnesses because they _____.
- a. are here now to cheer us on
 - b. left us a testimony
 - c. are watching us run
 - d. tell us about the gospel
64. According to the notes, the weights needing to be set aside might include _____.
- a. hobbies
 - b. distractions
 - c. running the wrong race
 - d. All of the above
65. According to Hebrews 12:1, we ought to lay aside the sin which _____ us.
- a. besets
 - b. disqualifies
 - c. destroys
 - d. becomes
66. The Christian race is more akin to a(n) _____.
- a. 100-yard dash
 - b. 40-yard dash
 - c. wind sprint
 - d. marathon
67. According to Hebrews 12:3, there is a concern that men might faint in their _____.
- a. hearts
 - b. walks
 - c. minds
 - d. prayers
68. Which of the following is not used as an associating word with the chastening of the Lord in Hebrews chapter 12?
- a. rebuke
 - b. judgment
 - c. endured
 - d. scourging
69. Chastening is reserved for the Lord's _____.
- a. enemies
 - b. sons
70. Which of the following is not one of the goals of chastening?
- a. Our profit
 - b. Our strengthening
 - c. Our destruction
 - d. Our righteousness
71. The apostle Paul was concerned that the Jews might have a root of _____ spring up and trouble them.
- a. strife
 - b. frustration
 - c. envy
 - d. bitterness



72. _____ was used in the notes as an example of a man that got victory of his bitterness.
- a. Jonah
 - b. Esau
 - c. Enoch
 - d. Joshua
73. In Hebrews chapter 12, Esau was called a _____.
- a. rebel
 - b. hunter
 - c. fornicator
 - d. traitor
74. Blackness, darkness, and a tempest describe mount _____.
- a. Sion
 - b. Pisgah
 - c. Sinai
 - d. Olives
75. The Jews were warned not to refuse Him whose voice shook _____.
- a. heaven
 - b. the seas
 - c. hell
 - d. the earth
76. Which of the following is required according to Hebrews 12:28 to serve God acceptably?
- a. mercy
 - b. reverence
 - c. hope
 - d. faith
77. The apostle Paul opened the final chapter of Hebrews with an admonition to the believers to continue to _____.
- a. love
 - b. serve
 - c. pray
 - d. preach
78. According to the notes, _____ was a bad example of entertaining strangers.
- a. Paul
 - b. Joseph
 - c. Lot
 - d. Abraham
79. Which of the following is a lie of discontentment?
- a. The minimization of the present
 - b. The mischaracterization of the past
 - c. The maximization of the possible
 - d. All of the above
80. In Hebrews 13:7, Jews were called to remember those who _____.
- a. ruled over them
 - b. died for the faith
 - c. controlled the government
 - d. were in bonds



81. Hebrews 13:8 declares Christ's _____.
- a. omniscience
 - b. omnipotence
 - c. immutability
 - d. immortality
82. Everything about Jesus Christ has always been the same.
- a. True
 - b. False
83. Paul encouraged the Jews to be established with grace, not with _____.
- a. lies
 - b. works
 - c. doctrines
 - d. meats
84. Believers are called to go without the _____, bearing Christ's reproach.
- a. camp
 - b. city
 - c. church
 - d. country
85. The sacrifice encouraged in Hebrews 13:15 was that of _____.
- a. animals
 - b. money
 - c. thanksgiving
 - d. talents
86. The sacrifices offered by the New Testament Christian are to be scheduled.
- a. True
 - b. False
87. When Paul called for obedience in Hebrews 13:17, he was commanding the saints to obey _____.
- a. the king
 - b. pastors
 - c. governors
 - d. All of the above
88. According to Hebrews 13:18, Paul trusted that he had a good _____.
- a. testimony
 - b. friendship
 - c. conscience
 - d. hope
89. Paul hoped that Timothy would soon be set free.
- a. True
 - b. False
90. Paul told the Hebrews that the people of _____ sent salutations.
- a. Ephesus
 - b. Italy
 - c. Corinth
 - d. Antioch